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1 MR. KEOWN: January or February of 2 last year. 3 MS. FISCHER: January or February. 4 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Of '99? 5 MS. FISCHER: '99. Go ahead. 6 MR. SAMSON: James would like to help 7 with this question.

MR. KEOWN: Well, understand that we had made a decision from an economic standpoint before the merger and before all these other things happened to deploy Litespan as our DLC regardless of DSL capabilities because of some economic benefits we got from Litespan. So, we had done an evaluation actually during '98 and part of '99 and had made a company decision to deploy Litespan as a DLC product. We knew that they were also looking at expanding that product to a DSL capable Litespan unit, so we just -- it just kind of meshed right into where we were going with the technology.

MS. FISCHER: But on the cards the capability for 6 meg exists.

MR. KEOWN: As far as I know.

MR. ZILLIBID: So, why are we limited then to 1.5 downstream and 384 upstream? We may want to offer higher speeds, for instance.

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that. It's in Section 8.8 of the draft contract language that was submitted to the FCC. So, maybe that contract language is wrong. If it is, we need to find that out and find out if that's going to be changed.

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MR. BOYER: At the time -- at the time that product was -- that contract language was written, like I said at the beginning of the presentation, the product has been redefined and we worked on the development of SOLID. At the time that was written, the SOLID system did not exist. So, we are working on trying to -- we decided that we wanted to make a decision to make the product more flexible for our customers, so we have developed this SOLID system to try to build in the flexibility.

My understanding is that the network management system that supports the Litespan will support up to an 8,192 kilobit downstream speed, so we will allow you using the profile on the SOLID system to develop downstream product that will offer up to that speed, as Allan had indicated, so long as it's technically feasible over the loop meaning that assuming that the Litespan card can support that level of speed and not all the technical issues are

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UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: In that proposed contract language.

MR. BOYER: I was just going to say that with the SOLID system we're putting together in the profiles, we'll allow you to build a profile with whatever value can be supported by the Litespan. So, if the Litespan can support a 6 megabit downstream speed, when you build your profile we'll allow you to put an integer value in there that is consistent with that speed, so --

MR. SAMSON: I think a key point to 12 that is, though, you know, you can put the value in but whatever performance is whatever performance you get. You know, we're not going to guarantee that because you set your profile up for 6 meg downstream that your end user will in fact realize that 16 because, as you know, there will be inference issues or cable issues or this, that or the other. But we were just discussing, I'm not aware that we've

20 limited it to 1.5. UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: It should not 21 22 be. If it's misstated in there --

23 MR. CRUZ: Mike, is there something

24 in the --25

MS. TAFF-RICE: Maybe I can help with

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resolved. But in terms of whatever is allowed over 1 2 Litespan we will allow you to build in your profile. MS. GENTRY: But that raises the

3 4 question -- Jo Gentry, Rhythms. You've said several 5 things today that you have changed since three weeks ago when you made your filing. When are you making an amendment to your filing? Because the way you 7 8 positioned it with the FCC is please approve what 9 I've given you and I've told you. So, obviously 10 you've had a learning curve in the last few weeks. 11 I would certainly think that what's on file now is 12 totally outdated and indirectly needs to be modified 13 for this. Would it not be better just to pull that 14 filing and like start over or amend it immediately 15 because right now we're not even being told the same 16 story that we read.

MR. SAMSON: I'm not sure it's totally out of date, Jo. I wouldn't go quite that far

MS. GENTRY: Are you going to update it or are you going to leave it?

MR. SAMSON: Given that comments are due in two days, I mean, I don't know. I won't speak for Rod. I don't know that they're -- if we need to update it or anything, I think part of this

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session is to clarify questions that you may have. I don't know. It's up to you guys.

MR. BOYER: It was.

MR. SAMSON: It was what?

MR. BOYER: I planned on in this session to hopefully if there were specific questions about the contract language that was put out with the FCC, I can address those. I can take those now about what has changed. The essential change has been the issue of the speed. That's been the biggest change that we've done is tried to offer -- we built in more flexibility in the product, so that's been the most fundamental change that's happened.

MS. TAFF-RICE: Chris, could you just go over those maybe rather than having us just ask you one question at a time? Could you give us a list of the major changes?

MR. BOYER: Well, that is the major change. The major change is that there's additional flexibility built into the actual -- what speeds are capable over the Litespan equipment. I think in the contract language I think it does limit to 1.544 speed. We are no longer putting that limitation on the product itself. There have been some other

process worked out, every interval, how do you incorporate the next card, this and that, and obviously when you share with the CLECs there's going to be additional questions.

5 I think where we're at, the point in the 6 process we're at is that we need to decide whether 7 we're going to own this card or the CLECs are going 8 to own this card, and based on that decision the 9 work that flows from it is significantly different. 10 And so we're kind of wanting to get enough detail to 11 give you a flavor of this is how it would work. Obviously if the FCC were to approve that and we 12 13 were to own it, this would become a UNE subject to 14 whatever, you know, regulation that goes along with 15 that. But, you know, we wouldn't want to gold plate 16 with every question answered and every process developed, then go to the FCC with this, you know, 17 18 massive product that says, okay, now you can't do 19 that.

So, I think it is well thought out, Jo. I don't appreciate that. I think we've thought through several parts of this. Now we're looking for some feedback. Are we heading in the right direction or are we not. I mean, so just to set your expectations there.

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issues that have come up like, for instance, the 2 CLEC will have to go in and build a profile. That's 3 not even talked about in the contract language. I mean, we're going to have to make some joint 5 decisions about how the -- like, for instance, how is the CLEC going to have access to the profile and 7 what's the connection going to look like, where are 8 they going to go in and build the profile, intervals 9 need to be decided upon as far as how much time 10 needs to be allocated for building the profile. 11 Those types of issues need to be jointly discussed I 12 would think in the context of developing any kind of 13 final product language or contract language.

MS. GENTRY: But there were people this morning or earlier that talked about the integrated issue, and that obviously is a significant one to many people in the room that was not addressed in your filing. I would think that you either need to resolve it internally so that you can make your business decision if you're going to preclude them from that. That is something that is imperative to be addressed immediately.

MR. SAMSON: Well, Jo, I think that clearly a little bit of a chicken and egg here. I mean, we don't have every decision made, every

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1 MR. CRUZ: I can speak from a product 2 perspective. That's exactly where we are in the 3 process. I mean, we're trying to be as forthright 4 with all the information we have in front of us. 5 We're having this forum to share all the information 6 we have to say here's the issue, and from a product 7 perspective as we develop our process and design the 8 product and then before really getting the work 9 teams to start doing provisioning close 10 requirements, IT, to really invest time and 11 resources into our systems and programming, 12 et-cetera, here's -- let me bounce off of you guys 13 where we're at and where we're stuck and we need 14 some help. 15 So, I mean, to Allan's point, we don't

with the FCC it was clearly labeled as a draft, as a work in progress as things were still moving, and we just needed to get some direction from them and other members of the CLEC community to provide us feedback. So, I would echo his sentiments exactly that we're at the point in the process that if we

have finalized contract language. Things are still

in flux and that's why when that stuff was filed

had to change the course of direction, it's going to
 have severe -- not severe, but significant impacts

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on the work product that we're on right now.

MS. TAFF-RICE: Could I just follow

up on that then?

MR. CRUZ: Sure. Name and company, please.

MS. TAFF-RICE: Anita Taff-Rice with Rhythms. One question that we have is the inclusion in the contract language of a section on spectrum management. I think a lot of people in this room are aware that spectrum management has been ordered to be dismantled by both the FCC and the Texas PUC. Can you explain to us why that language is in there and what your process is going to be for imposing

MR. SAMSON: Well, I disagree with your characterization. I don't know that spectrum management -- we disagree perhaps on that definition. I think SFS in some binder group management aspects have been ordered to be discontinued and SBC's complying with that. Spectrum management in terms of do you identify a PSD mask, do you inventory some of that, do you share that on loop qual request, you know, you may not characterize that as spectrum management, we

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no longer do SFS and BGM in Southwestern Bell. But
 Allan is exactly right on PSD. But even in the
 line-sharing order I think it still says somewhere
 in there that we need to have that PSD information
 available as that -- as those orders come through,
 so - MR. SAMSON: We filed in California

today and we passed out to the line-sharing participants in the trial in today's meeting the language we filed in California that has -- not PRONTO language but the line-sharing language. It has a section on spectrum management that essentially says we'll abide by national standards, the CLECs will tell us the PSD mask, we'll inventory that and we'll share it on a loop qual form. That at a high level without going into a lot of detail is sort of the essence, if you want to call it spectrum management, of what would apply here as

well. Yes, Mike.

MR. ZILLIBID: One other question.

This is Mike Zillback of Covad. There was some discussion earlier about the availability of copper once you place this in the network. And having done a lot of network planning and relief and so forth, one of the justifications for putting in digital

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My understanding is that the language in there is similar to the language that is in the DSL appendix similar to the appendix that Rhythms has signed in the state of Texas, so --

may. So, just to set the record straight on that.

MS. TAFF-RICE: Well, let me be clear with you, Allan. The reason I ask this question is that we did, Rhythms did have an earlier meeting with SBC representatives trying to understand some of the specifics of the contract language, and when we asked about this section we were told that the draft was put together fairly quickly and that in fact that may have been an inadvertent inclusion in the contract. So, I'm just trying to understand, is it going to be a spectrum management program or not and, if so, we need some details to understand what's going to be involved with that.

MR. SAMSON: The spectrum management section of the contract -- and, James, do you want to -- do you want to add a comment real fast?

to -- do you want to add a comment real fast?

MR. KEOWN: I was in there part of that call, and during that particular section of the conversation we talked SFS and BGM have been essentially done away with in our company and I think I even reiterated the fact that I was one of those that helped write the letter that says we will

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l loop carrier was taking a look at the ability to

2 reuse that existing copper to relieve all of the

3 feeder and distribution between where you're going

4 to place that DLC and the central office. And I'm

5 assuming that that same kind of thought went into

6 the areas where you're going to be deploying this.

7 Now, what that does to me is really raise some

8 concerns about the availability then of copper

9 beyond that DLC to serve customers that we may want

10 to choose to keep on copper because over a period of

11 a year or two you're going to be using that copper

12 to relieve rather than putting in new copper between

13 the DLC and the central office.

MR. SAMSON: I don't know that I
agree with all of that, per se. James, do you want
to take a shot or — I don't know that I even
understand it enough to —

18 MS. FISCHER: I'm not sure it really 19 is a question. I think it's just a statement of 20 concern.

MR. ZILLIBID: It is. And it gets
back to what James and you folks had said earlier
that you -- and that you're not going to dismantle
any copper, and I'm sure you're not going to
dismantle any copper. But the reality of it is

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you're going to reuse that copper out to the point where that DLC is to relieve customers closer into 3 the CO which over time will leave fewer and fewer 4 copper carriers available to serve those, say, 5 beyond that which could be 10 kilofeet, 12 kilofeet 6 or whatever. So, over time you're not going to have 7 the copper pairs to feed people out there at 18 8 kilofeet even if we want copper pairs to serve those 9

MR. SAMSON: I think that is a statement. I don't know that SBC -- I don't want you to think by not addressing it we agree with you. I mean, to the extent that we place regular digital carrier, forget DSL or PRONTO, I mean, the network evolves, the network changes, we deploy this, we deploy that, it all has an impact on the network whether it's this PRONTO Litespan equipment or just a slick 96 or whatever else we choose to deploy. So, I think it's something to think about, Mike, but I don't know that it's as definitive of an outcome as perhaps you might believe it is would be my response. Yes, ma'am.

23 MS. ESCOBEDO: Pat Escobedo, Connect 24 South. I want to confirm something. If TELCO owns the ADLU card, are you saying that the CLEC use of

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1 I think I'm very clear on what No. 1 encompasses. 2 My question is, I'm not sure about No. 2. And there 3 appears to be a gap between 1 and 2 which is the 4 distance between the serving area interface where 5 there's a 1 in parentheses and the digital loop 6 carrier itself. 7 MR. BOYER: I can address that. The

8 first UNE basically consists of all the copper 9 facility from the RT out to the end user. The 10 reason it's drawn this way is because the reality of 11 it is, is that the actual copper facility from the 12 Litespan out to the SAI is integrated into the 13 Litespan or digital loop carrier equipment, so the 14 point of access is going to be out at the SAI. 15 You're not going to be able to go into the RT and 16 physically gain access to the copper UNE at that 17 point, so the reason it's drawn this way is just to 18 reflect the point of access is at the SAI. 19

MR. UPTON: And so this is reflective of PRONTO which is your new deployments only? MR. BOYER: Right.

MR. UPTON: And the original cover that I got for this meeting, it said PRONTO and it said Connecticut, but are you representing PRONTO across all of SBC today?

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either Proposal 1 or 2 is precluded? 2 MR. BOYER: Well, I mean, if the 3 TELCO owned the ADLU card there would be no reason 4 for the CLEC to purchase their own card and have it 5 placed, an ADLU card and have it placed. We would offer a port on an ADLU card in conjunction with our 7 UNE product so you could purchase a port on that 8 card. 9 MS. ESCOBEDO: But that doesn't quite 10 answer my question. Are you saying that --11 MR. CRUZ: We would prefer to --12 MS. ESCOBEDO: -- use of Proposal 1 13 and 2 by the CLEC would be precluded? 14 MR. CRUZ: We would prefer to have 15 Option 3 and Option 3 only. So, the answer to your 16 question is yes. 17 MR. SAMSON: A CLEC can still place a 18 DSLAM at the RT or adjacent to the RT and other 19 options exist, right. 20 MR. CRUZ: That gentleman in the gray 21 shirt's had his hand up for a while. 22 MR. UPTON: Bill Upton, Sprint, 23 Broadband Local Networks. Drawing 21, please. When you get to Drawing 21 you're going to see your UNE

Loop No. 1 and UNE Loop No. 2. I'm very clear on --

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1 MR. BOYER: Yes. 2 MR. UPTON: So, I find that 3 unacceptable. I would prefer to be able to 4 intercept that loop at that digital loop carrier, 5 but I understand this is the PRONTO offer. 6 7 8

MR. SAMSON: Let me ask a question to that. Are you talking in the event that you just wanted sub-loop distribution, where would your point of access be?

MR. UPTON: Yeah. MR. SAMSON: Let me address that.

12 Our sub-loop product team, you know, trying to work to develop the product in compliance with UNE Remand 13 14 is looking at a couple of options and we're 15 wrestling with that. In some cases, you know, as

you read the UNE Remand order it says we're not 16 17 obligated to unbundle at a place where we've got to 18 break open a splice case. Some of the RTs that we

19 have have protector frames and you would have to

20 break into that frame, so there's a thought that

21 says is that really an access point. In that 22 scenario the natural cross-connect point is the SAI

23 and so -- and I don't know where we'll land, but the

24 product team is looking at, okay, perhaps we make it

25 available at the SAI.

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As you probably know, there are multiple SAIs that feed into a single RT in many cases, and so it might be more convenient from the CLEC perspective as well as SBC's perspective even though the UNE Remand doesn't require it to go ahead and break into that protector frame, pull out a 25 pair from each SAI, put in some sort of a cross-connect panel there and allow access to the sub-loop at the RT. I think what the PROJECT PRONTO product team has had to do in order to develop this is to go with what we know, and what we know is in most cases the SAI interface is the place. I'll tell you that the sub-loop team irrespective of DSL that's working on the sub-loop product hasn't fully resolved that. And so I wouldn't want you to walk away today saying that's SBC's sub-loop offering across all the states.

MR. UPTON: No, I didn't have that impression. I just want to make sure this is the PRONTO offering, and that adds clarity to it. In PRONTO these are my options.

MR. SAMSON: Right. Although, I don't know, James, that you could speak to -- to the extent that SBC and its sub-loop offering does go ahead and break that protector and put in a little

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not diminishing the number of loops but you're not adding to them either. You're keeping it rather static. However, if you go into those old neighborhoods and you cut those old customers into those new DLCs, they have a valid concern. You've now diminished the number of loops accessible to them for DSL services out of the CO.

MR. SAMSON: Would you make that statement even if in that existing neighborhood that we cut that in we don't tear out the F1 cable?

MR. UPTON: It's not a matter of whether you tear it out or not. It's the loop on the other side of the digital loop carrier that concerns me the most, I believe. Well, yeah, it's both pieces. I'm sorry.

MR. SAMSON: It seems to me that by the deployment of the digital loop carrier, you've increased your F1 total capacity. You have the same F2. We're not changing -- I mean, that's going to ebb and flow as it would for normal demise.

MR. UPTON: That's their theory; if you cut that F2 into that new digital loop carrier, they've lost that copper access direct.

MR. SAMSON: Well, but let me -- think with me on that. If we just have a greater

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cross-connect panel there, this might need to adjust to that.

MR. CRUZ: And I can speak to that. I would envision that whatever sub-loop product offering SBC creates across the 13 states we would have to incorporate into this model later, so I think we'll at least look at that and see how it would fit and address issues like Allan has just talked about at the RT. So, I think officially today since we still have some more to do with respect to the UNE Remand sub-loop or this is what we have, you're correct. So, as of 3:45 on March I this is it but, you know, by -- I think the sub-loop is effective in a couple of weeks. Then obviously we have to look at that and incorporate that in the product.

MR. UPTON: Just one final comment since I've been waiting awhile. In fueling this fire over here about reducing the number of loops that are accessible out of the central office for DSL services, that's really a reflection on how SBC cuts over their digital loop carriers. If you put those in inside of that central office serving area and you're doing it only for new customers, then I think the fear of what they're talking about, you're

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supply of F1 and an order comes to us that says I need a copper pair, SBC would have the flexibility, you know, if it was an analog 8 DB loop, we might assign the F1 portion of that complete loop through the Litespan. If it's a DSL, SDSL capable, I want all copper loop, we would have that F1. So, the same F2 is out there and we actually have more flexibility to either tie it to a copper F1 or a Litespan F1. So, I still can't see how --

MR. UPTON: That actually should help them with their argue -- understand. What you just said should help them then.

MR. SAMSON: Okay.

MR. UPTON: They have the flexibility to use the loop.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: But the argument is, if the guy's already at 25 or 30 KF -- MR. UPTON: That's outside of the

central office serving area.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: But you're talking about people working on copper. If you cut him to pair gain, you increase the amount of copper available for DSL inside the 17.

MR. SAMSON: Yeah. I mean, I'll admit that before this morning I didn't think a lot

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1 about that, but it seems as I'm walking through that 2 live with y'all it seems like it should increase,

not decrease. But, you know, upon further review we might see that there's a flaw in my logic there.

Howard, you had a question?

MR. CRUZ: Well, the gentleman --

MR. SAMSON: I'm sorry.

MR. CRUZ: We'll get to you in one second, Howard.

MR. SAMSON: There's someone over here actually that's been waiting forever.

MR. CRUZ: Well, let me get this gentleman.

MR. SAMSON: Okay.

15 MR. FAVORS: Steve Favors with Logix

16 Communications. I want to make just one comment on 17 that. Probably for years Southwestern long-range

18 planning strategy has been to reduce the central

19 office serving area to 9 kilofoot by deploying

20 distribution areas. SAIs, anything outside that 9

21 kilofoot. And, you know, unless they've drastically

22 changed their direction, I would assume that a lot

23 of these deployments of the DLC is going to end up

doing just that, working toward that ultimate plan

of reducing the central office serving area size to

Page 124 1 carrier out in the network. And so I just want to 2

make sure we're not trying to solve the wrong issue. The issue is card ownership.

MR. FAVORS: Well, that's where it ties in with really the question.

MR. SAMSON: I mean, James, do you want to add anything to that?

8 MR. FAVORS: The question I had was. 9 is Southwestern Bell in deploying their DSL, are 10 they going to use this same architecture that you're asking or you're proposing here? Are they going to 11 12 use that same architecture to serve up their DSL

customers out in the RTs?

14 MR. SAMSON: Well, Southwestern Bell. 15 as you know, of course will have a data affiliate 16 that will provide DSL, so the TELCO operations will 17 not be providing DSL. As a fully functional data CLEC, they will be treated at parity with the rest

18 19 of the CLEC community. So, yes, if we own the card

20 they would buy these unbundled elements as you see

21 them, they will go through SOLID, they will do the

22 things that you all will do. To the extent that if 23 a decision comes out that says the CLECs will have

24 to own the cards, then ASI and AADS will have to go

out and buy these cards and play by those rules.

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9 kilofoot. Everything else beyond that point would be served by digital loop carrier.

MR. SAMSON: There's a couple of things I would respond to that. Number one is that,

5 you know, some things have happened obviously, UNE 6 Remand and some other orders have come out that

7 bring some obligations that perhaps we didn't have 8 four years ago or three years ago. That's one thing

9 I would say. The other thing is I think the FCC

10 recognizes that we have to manage this network. And again, if you just forget PRONTO, if we were going 11

12 to deploy fiber to some distribution area and do

13 regular digital carrier, whether we were going to do

14 that or not really isn't the discussion, I don't 15 think. Maybe I'm wrong in what we're trying to

accomplish today. You know, that fear exists, in 16

17 other words, with or without PRONTO. PRONTO's a

18 digital loop carrier device, happens to be a DSL

19 capable device, but it's still a digital loop

carrier. And so what we're saying is, as we deploy

21 it a couple options exist. We can own the card or

22 you can own the card. What's the debate here is, is

23 it better that we own the card or is it better that you own the card. We're not really trying to debate

through this filing the pros or cons of digital loop

1 So, yes, it would be parity either way that apple 2 slices. We're just looking for some acknowledgment 3 of what's the most efficient and the best way and 4 most expedient way to do this. 5

MR. HUGMAN: Chris Hugman with Connect South. Couple of questions. First, has Southwestern Bell decided that it is your position that you want to own the card?

MR. CRUZ: Yes. MR. SAMSON: Yes.

MR. HUGMAN: That's your position,

12 okay. Secondly, from a management --13 MR. CRUZ: Just, Chris, for a point

of clarification, that's what we filed with the FCC 14 15 for the clarity on the merger conditions.

MR. HUGMAN: Okay. So that's -- from your standpoint that's really not open for discussion any further.

19 MR. SAMSON: No, it is. That's what 20 we're here about. We're recommending. You know, 21 we've looked at what would it be if the CLECs were

22 to own the card. And I think Chris went through a 23 presentation that said as we went down that path,

24 here's all these obstacles that we kind of ran

into. So then we thought, you know, if we owned the

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card, a lot of those go away and it gets simpler. 2 And so we've gone forward and said there may be some 3 concern with the merger requirements and other 4 things, can we own this card, it's our 5 recommendation, here's the pros and cons, and this 6 is your opportunity to kind of say we think that is 7 the better alternative or not.

MR. CRUZ: And, Chris, the idea is that the further merger conditions and the creation of the advanced services data affiliate, every advanced services must be obviously distributed by that affiliate and they have to own all the advanced services equipment. The ADLU card because it has, you know, it goes packetized 56K upstream or downstream bits go through there, they must own that card per the merger conditions, the --

17 MR. SAMSON: Arguably.

> MR. CRUZ: Arguably. So, we're saying -- we're saying we just want some latitude with respect to that.

MR. HUGMAN: I just wanted to know how firm you were on that, but let me ask my next question. From a management standpoint of the card at the service, I need to do a line test. I mean, how do I get my network management systems

Page 128 with, but we recognize that as a need and recognize 2 that as a desire and we're trying to work on how to

make that work. MR. HUGMAN: And just so -- you know.

it's not just a test issue, it's a traffic measurement issue on a per-port basis and --

MR. KEOWN: OS type data?

8 MR. HUGMAN: Well, that's another 9 question is UVR today, when can I get some CVR or 10 PVC or some other level QOS? You know, and 11 following onto that, your end points, are they

12 ATM-based end points or are they IT-based end 13 points? What are the number of end points? Do you

14 have a -- let me just throw them all out here. Do 15 you have a technical somebody that we can call and

16 talk to or have our engineers talk to related to the 17 Litespan 2000 to just ask some fundamental

18 engineering questions and some resource available 19 for us to do that?

MR. CRUZ: I think we can definitely 21 set that up, Chris, and go through the account team 22 negotiations perspective and provide you any

information you need from our technical perspective. MR. SAMSON: There may be some

contacts at Alcatel James could make available that

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interfaced to your systems so that I can test the line or do a quality check or collect performance data?

MR. SAMSON: That's a great question. MR. CRUZ: Charlie Brown punt.

MR. SAMSON: I'm excited to hear the

answer.

MR. KEOWN: Me too.

MS. SMITH: Can you repeat the

10 question?

> MR. SAMSON: It was great, trust us. The question was, I believe, let me recap and you tell me if I'm right. In a world where SBC TELCO operations owns the card and installs it and we provide this broadband UNE, what network management tools are available to the CLEC to get into that UNE and test it through for customer service reasons.

MR. KEOWN: And the answer I give probably won't be as great as the question, but we are looking at test heads and test devices that we can deploy in the remote terminals that through

21 22 proxy servers and web browsers will allow CLECs to

23 be able to access and test those loops. That is

still being fleshed out technologically how we'll do

that and product wise what we choose to do that

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you could contact directly irrespective of us. I'm 2 sure they'd be excited to share with you the ups and 3 downs and probably all the ups of their product. If 4 you have really technical Alcatel-specific 5 questions, it might be the most expedient route to 6 get directly with them.

MR. KEOWN: Allan has the right answer, I think. Alcatel is available, so you can ask all those questions too. Obviously we didn't design the equipment. We know quite a bit about it with some of our technical folks, but some of the real detailed technical questions we don't and we have to go to Alcatel ourselves. So, I would encourage you to call the Alcatel folks. I'm sure, like Al, they'd be happy to.

MS. TAFF-RICE: James, could you just 16 answer his question about quality of service because 17 18 in the contract it says that what you'll get from 19 PVC has an unspecified bit rate. Can you explain 20 what that means and how is it that we're going to 21 get any kind of guarantee, or are we not going to 22 get guarantee? 23

MR. KEOWN: I don't know that I want to -- I don't know that I know enough to answer the question about guarantees, but I can tell you --

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MR. BOYER: Do you want me to take that? I don't know.

MR. MURTHY: I also want to add, if I may, to that. Especially if there's a video where you need to be concerned about this at all, because video service going to provide all DSL, the question that she asked from Rhythm is more appropriate. I mean, I have no other questions on that.

MR. KEOWN: I can tell you that the Alcatel equipment gives us QS data that we can provide on your services, and of course the NavisCore, the Lucent box has OS data in it. PVCs that run through it. So, we have that data available and I guess we just work that into the product.

MR. CRUZ: I think we're on specified bit rate.

MR. KEOWN: The unspecified bit rate though is the --

MR. BOYER: The actual -- the SOLID system they're developing is under development now. It's not completely done yet. We're doing a lot of

work on developing that system and we have had 23 conversations with the SOLID -- with the team that's 24

25 work -- the IT team that's working on that product

1 having unspecified bit rate available?

> 2 MR. BOYER: Unspecified bit rate 3 basically means that if you have a customer out

4 there with a DSL type service, we're not specifying

5 a bit rate up or down. I mean, if you go into the

6 SOLID system, you provision a maximum upstream of

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7 8,192, our viewpoint is that the OC-3 pipe back to

8 the central office is so fat, if that's what you

9 want to call it, that's a good word, that it'll

10 support our traffic forecast so that it'll support

just about anything up or downstream over that pipe, 11

12 meaning that if you had just about everybody out

13 there, everybody out there that had DSL and they

14 were all going at 8,192, the pipe's still fat enough

15 to support that today. So, when you go into the

SOLID system and you specify your maximum downstream 16

17 speed, we can't guarantee you but you should get

18 something pretty close to that, whatever that speed

19 is, all the time because it's packetized, as you

20 know. You won't see all these constant streams

21 going across there. Now, I agree there's a problem

22 with the constant bit rate, you know, in the future

23 as new technologies are deployed and as we see

streaming video over DSL or voice over DSL, or other 24

25 types of technologies deployed. I agree there's

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to talk about making the various reports available that are done today to measure traffic and density of the -- which is what you were getting at is the traffic and density reports that need to be pulled 5 out of that system. So, I mean, that's stuff that we are considering. We might make, decide to make 6 7 the decision to make that available to the CLEC 8 community. Like I said, right now that product is 9 in the middle of being developed by IT, so I really

10 can't tell you one way or the other whether or not 11 that's going to be made available. I mean, 12

certainly that's -- obviously that's a

recommendation of stuff that you would probably need, so we can certainly look into that.

In regards to the unspecified bit rate, we have had quite a few conversations about a constant bit rate type of service offering. At this point in time because of the -- because of the nature of the fact that this technology's being deployed now and we want to get a product deployed and available in a very short time frame, we have not fully evaluated the constant bit rate application, but it is something that we have discussed.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: And what is the limitation of -- what is the impact of just

1 definitely some things we need to consider in regards to CVR. But unspecified basically means 2 3 that you'll get -- up or down you should get a 4 pretty broad spectrum of speeds.

MR. MURTHY: Can I ask a question related to what he asked?

MR. CRUZ: Actually I'm going to hold you because she's had her hand in the back up for quite a while.

MR. MURTHY: Okay. Fine.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I had various 12 questions while that's going through. In relation 13 to the UBR, CBR, VBR and RT options, what about 14 multiple PVCs over the same DSL connection? Is that going to be an option that we can have on SOLID 16 whereby we might have up to 2, 4, whatever PVCs per DSL map?

18 MR. BOYER: We haven't fully -- we 19 haven't made a product, a fundamental product 20 decision about whether or not we would offer multiple PVCs. I do think that in the future that will probably happen.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Okay. And one 24 very general question. When this -- when PRONTO's said and done, what percentage of SBC's loops in the

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metropolitan areas will be on these new DLCs as well as existing DLCs that are out there?

MR. BOYER: I can't speak for how many of the loops will be on the new DLC. I think our objective is to make 80 percent of our serving area available for DSL services, so --

MR. SAMSON: Either through PRONTO or through existing copper loops.

MR. BOYER: Either through PRONTO or through existing copper loops. I don't know for sure how many will be on the new DLC.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: But that's not very helpful if you're going to be having these less than 18,000 kilofeet and giving us an idea because there's overlap of people that currently can get DSL technologies and also are going to be served by this, so there's ---

MR. CRUZ: Why don't we take an action unless -- James, unless you know the answer.

MR. KEOWN: And maybe this will address the issue of will we have enough copper, will copper disappear and all these things. PROJECT PRONTO is, for the lack of a better phrase, and

please don't -- almost have the video turned off,

but for the lack of a better phrase, it's kind of an

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again, we aren't going to cut anybody over to the PROJECT PRONTO unless they buy DSL or unless there's 2 3 some cases where there's --

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: See, but I just -- but that's different than what we just heard. We heard you're going to proactively cut over neighborhoods to DLCs. Now I'm saying it's done on a per demand, DSL demand basis.

9 MR. KEOWN: I'm sorry, we either miscommunicated, but we're going to build these in 10 11 neighborhood gateways so that as customers demand or desire DSL services we can roll them over to PROJECT 12 13 PRONTO. They will be -- they will be neighborhood 14 gateways, but we are not going into neighborhoods 15 and just building these things and cutting customers 16 over wholesale. That's not the intent of this project. So, to get a percent of how many of our 17 18 lines will be there, Chris stated earlier and Allan 19 too that we're making available to approximately 80 20 percent of our customer base DSL capable loops.

21 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Okay. Let's 22 run through this scenario then. You deploy a 23 Litespan 2000 as a neighborhood gateway serving three neighborhoods. First customer that is on the 24 25 existing hose hasn't been thrown over yet because

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1 overlay network. We're not putting it in, going to 2 a neighborhood and cutting 600 customers over to

3 PROJECT PRONTO. The customers that are working

4 today on copper when we get through building PROJECT 5 PRONTO will continue to work on copper. Allan

6 stated earlier and he was exactly right, at least my 7

vision of the same way, is that as a customer 8 decides to go to a DSL, if he's out at the 18

9 kilofeet level or 18 kilofeet length, if he goes

10 over to PROJECT PRONTO, then that piece of copper is

11 still there. We haven't -- we aren't going to tear 12 it out. It's going to be there available. So, if

you have somebody that's 10 kilofeet or 15 kilofeet and you want to try to serve them over that copper

14 15 loop if it's available, then we'll make it available 16 unless I misspeaking, Allan or Rod. But the copper

17 loop itself will be there. 18

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: From the perspective of knowing what percentage, I mean, looking at just pure customers that we can have on the line-sharing arrangement, what percentage can we -- approximate percentage can we expect will be on DLCs yersus the hosts and remotes that currently have CO-based DSLAMs?

MR. KEOWN: I think the answer is,

1 you're doing it on a demand basis. First customer 2 calls in and says I want DSL. What happens? And

3 that loop is actually off the original host is 4

18,000 feet. What happens at that particular 5 point?

MR. SAMSON: Let me jump in and help here because who are they calling? Are they calling Covad to order that or are they calling SBC's ASI?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: SBC, the data affiliate.

MR. SAMSON: The data affiliate's 11 12 going to make a decision then. They're going to get their loop qual information back and they're going 13 14 to specify a UNE they want to purchase. They're either going to specify an xDSL all copper loop or

15 they're going to specify Chris Boyer or the UNEs 16 17 that Chris Boyer has walked you through today. So,

18 the TELCO is going to wait to receive a UNE order

from ASI, from Covad, from any other data or 19 20 integrated CLEC out there and based on what that

21 CLEC chooses to do will determine how the TELCO

22 assigns a pair to serve that customer.

23 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: So. it's very 24 perceivable that when you put that new Litespan 2000 in as a neighborhood DLE gateway or whatever it is,

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that it might not serve as any POTS customers if you don't put new neighborhoods or new lines out there until that first demand comes in. Is that conceivable?

MR. SAMSON: You asked -- well. I'm not sure I fully understood. Let me answer it this way and you tell me if I missed it. You just asked a different question. What you said before was, if someone orders DSL, what happens. What you just said now is no POTS customers will ever go on there. If a customer calls up and orders just POTS, no DSL at all, James would have to speak to, we'll probably go to provision of POTS loop and if it turns out that we have digital loop carrier and we provide them over just the voice part of this, we may do that. If we serve them over all copper, we may do that if it's just strictly POTS only.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I'm talking existing customers. You're going to put that gateway in there and I just heard that you're not going to do wholesale loop throws onto that DLCs, not proactively. So, you're going to have a new DLC sitting out there. The first -- until the first DSL demand customer comes in, unless you don't -- I

mean, let's assume that you don't have any POTS

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1 make sure we haven't lost sight of what the issue to 2 be decided is. Again, we're not debating and I 3 don't think the FCC's deciding whether or not SBC. 4 can deploy digital loop carrier devices and, if they 5 do, what cable configurations go along with that. I 6 think the issue before the FCC is, is the CLEC going 7 to own the card or is SBC going to own the card. 8 MR. CRUZ: SBC the ILEC.

9 MR. SAMSON: SBC the ILEC. And so, I 10 mean, we'll be happy to talk about our digital loop 11 carrier plans, but at the end of the day I'm not 12 sure that's the question that the FCC is asking or

13 that we've asked the FCC. I won't speak for what 14 they're asking you all. So, I just want to make 15 sure that we haven't used all our time talking 16 digital loop carrier and sort of missed maybe the 17 better questions that deal with card ownership and 18 pros and cons, because one way -- I mean, I don't 19 know what our plans are, but we're probably going to 20 deploy digital loop carrier in some form in our 21 network --

MR. CRUZ: Irrelevant to --MR. SAMSON: -- irrelevant to this discussion. The issue is, should we own these cards or should you own these cards. I guess I just want

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demand coming into that new neighborhood or gateway. MR. SAMSON: Zero POTS growth, okay. UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: So, is it

very -- it's very conceivable until that first DSL demand comes in you're not going to throw any loops onto that new DLC. You might not have any POTS customers off that DLC.

MR. SAMSON: Given the assumptions you've stated, I think that's true. Now, what's the likelihood of zero POTS growth, probably not very good. What's the likelihood of zero DSL growth for any extended period of time, probably not very good. But if you take those as givens in your

hypothetical situation, that could happen. UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: But no proactive existing customers thrown onto that particular DLC unless we have DSL demand of those customers, existing customers. That's what I'm hearing. I just want to make sure it's real clear. MR. SAMSON: Based on what we know

today, that's right. UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Okay.

23 MR. SAMSON: Let me just do a gut 24 check for everybody here real quick. It's 4:10, and we can go as long as we need to go. I just want to

Page 141 to make sure I level set there and we don't use our

2 time inappropriately. Yes, ma'am. 3 MS. ESCOBEDO: Pat Escobedo, Connect 4 South. I thought the real question was whether TELCO could own the card rather than ASI could own

5 6 the card, the equipment. 7 MR. CRUZ: If that's -- if you expand

8 that, then I'll not only tell you it's ASI but it's 9 any of the other CLECs. So, it's either does the 10 ILEC own the ADLU plug cards along with the OCD or does the CLEC, do the CLECs own those cards. 11

MR. SAMSON: Including ASI. MR. CRUZ: Including ASI.

14 MS. ESCOBEDO: And my question would be, why can't the CLEC also own the card? 15 16

MR. CRUZ: You want to know why don't we do all the options?

MS. ESCOBEDO: Right, I meant all options.

19 20 MR. SAMSON: I don't know that there's an upside to that. I can certainly speak 21

22 that there's a lot of downsides. Just from an M&P

perspective there's a lot of downsides. You have to 23 24 have both these processes and develop this card pile

over here that this is owned by the TELCO and this

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is owned by the CLEC. It seems simpler and more efficient to do it one or the other. If we can own it, then that would be the product that we roll out.

MR. CRUZ: And I can speak from a product perspective. If we have to go out and sustain, oh, maybe two or three flavors of this product, the work is more complicated. I'm not sure I'm going to get much pity from anybody if I go tell that story, but just a plain provisioning flow, service order, processing, ordering, provisioning perspective, it is just ugly. It's ugly in probably just about any way, shape or form you look at today, but it's even a little more cumbersome. So, I'll get right to you because Sharon had a question.

MS. THOMAS: Yeah, I had a question about the response that you gave previously about not proactively switching the POTS customers.

MR. CRUZ: Well, Sharon, I really don't want to -- I really want --

MS. THOMAS: Well, because I want to read something that was in this letter that SBC sent to the FCC because it seems inconsistent with that, so -- and we do have comments due on Friday and I think the issue was, is what you sent to the FCC

something that we should be commenting on or are we

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be the DLC. So, we will grow lines in the DLC if that's the case. If we still have copper facilities or some other facilities to serve the customer, our provisioning system will grab a pair and assign a customer for growth, but not just a wholesale go out and cut some existing customer over to the existing DLC. That's not -- those aren't the plans.

MR. SAMSON: There's no benefit to

MR. SAMSON: There's no benefit to doing -- I mean, you incur expense and work to do that and what would be the benefit? If they're working where they are, then we'd leave them where they are.

MR. KEOWN: You have to buy a POTS card, you have to go out and cut them over, you have to do a lot of things that just absolutely is a waste of our resources to do it. So, if it exists as an existing customer, we aren't going to go over and cut them over.

MR. CRUZ: Sharon, is that clear?
Does that help you?

MS. THOMAS: Well, yeah, I think it's helpful. But the other concern I had, I think we've been talking about these cards, and this sort of gets to the question of who should own them, the

25 concerns about the technology and whether they'll

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- commenting on something completely different? I mean, in this letter you say -- you're basically
- trying to justify that you really don't think you
- 4 need an exemption of the merger conditions because
- 5 you really think these cards are not only to provide
- 6 advanced services and you say, "In fact, the
- 7 majority of the cards will be used to provide POTS
- 8 services rather than advanced services, at least9 initially." And that kind of suggests that maybe
- there will be some proactive transition of POTS
- customers before they actually have ordered, you know, DSL services. And so I just wanted to see if we could get some clarification on that because we

are planning to respond to this letter and we kind of need to understand.

MR. CRUZ: Great, James, do you wan

MR. CRUZ: Great. James, do you want to take a crack at that?

18 MR. KEOWN: If we're in a 19 neighborhood, if we're in a situation where we have 20 deployed one of these DLCs -- and again, I stated 21 that we started looking at DLCs years ago, but we 22 started looking at the DLC, this particular product 23 '98 through '99, first part of '99. If we're in a 24 neighborhood where we have exhausted our copper 25 capacity, then the next growth vehicle is going to

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- support other types of DSL. And I guess another
 concern would be I assume these cards as I
- concern would be I assume these cards as I
 understand it have to be compatible with the
- 4 equipment that's at the end user location. And so
- 5 if let's say we're not using Alcatel at the end user
- 6 location, I don't know if it has to be exactly the 7 same, but whatever the, you know, whatever kind of
- 8 signal it's sending, even as Alcatel develops the
- 9 technology to serve different types of DSL, is
- somebody -- say they have a whole inventory of CPE that doesn't match Alcatel, what happens then? They
- just don't -- it doesn't work. And, I mean, I guess
- that leads to the possibility that maybe you need to let the CLECs have their own cards. But then I'm
- curious, do the RTs, are the racks in the RTs only -- do they only fit the Alcatel cards?

17 MS. FISCHER: Yes.
18 MR. KEOWN: Yes.

19 MR. CRUZ: And I'm -- and, Sharon,
20 I'm not sure that I agree that the cards have to be
21 compatible with the CPE equipment. James, is that

22 consistent with what you know?
23 MR KEOWN: Well the ch

MR. KEOWN: Well, the chips have to match.

MR. CRUZ: But, I mean, you can have

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different manufacturers and different --MR. KEOWN: Yes, absolutely. MR. CRUZ: -- as long as they're talking the same language.

MS. SMITH: Actually could you repeat that point right there? I didn't quite hear. I'm not hearing her question at all. I'm only trying to get part of it here.

MR. CRUZ: The question was, was there -- is there any compatibility issue with the cards at the RT and the CPE equipment as far as them having to be made by the same manufacturer, are there some constraints with respect to that. Does that characterize the question correctly?

MS. THOMAS: Even if not necessarily made by the same manufacturer but, you know, whatever the compatibility --

MR. CRUZ: Yeah, just compatibility concerns. And I think once again I'm kind of out of my realm of expertise, but it's my understanding that that's not the case, that as long as the chips can talk and communicate and they're compatible,

23 then that's really the issue, so --24 MR. KEOWN: It really is.

MR. CRUZ: I don't think that would

don't have a right to own that card. I think it's just up for debate. So, I guess that's kind of 2 3 where I'm at. Yes, sir. 4

MR. WEINER; I thought you said we should talk about that subject. I'm sorry.

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MR. CRUZ: No, no, we should, and I'm 6 7 glad you were bringing it up. But once again, I 8 think no one's debating whether you can or can't. 9 It's really how should we do this together and maybe 10 create a path forward. Yes, sir.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Will I be able to buy those cards from Alcatel under your purchase agreement with them?

MR. KEOWN: No.

MR. CRUZ: I'm looking around just to have a sanity check. I think the answer to that question is no. You would have to go out and negotiate your own terms and conditions for the cards and --

MR. SAMSON: But I think that could highlight an advantage. If SBC were to own the card if the FCC were to allow that, we could buy all those cards, unbundle it at a UNE rate and we would

be able to purchase the mass volumes and perhaps 24 25

arguably get a discount. And so that might be an

Page 147

1 be a limiting factor. William, is that right? 2 You've had your hand up for a little bit.

MR. WEINER: Ken.

MR. CRUZ: Ken. I'm sorry.

MR. WEINER: From Birch. With respect to the CLEC owning the cards, one argument for why that might make sense is that that seems to me to be analogous to the virtual collocation option at least that's available in Texas where a CLEC -- I don't need to tell you what virtual collocation is, but where CLECs can do that, that to be able to -so the CLEC can choose the equipment so long as it meets net one or whatever and then it provides the services that that CLEC wants to use; it works with the integrated access devices or the routers that

the customer wants to use. MR. CRUZ: Ken, I don't think there's any question whether you guys can or -- I think once again it's digging a little deeper past that and getting more into the operational issues, the pros and cons. To me some of the concerns that I would have, you know, speak to market, ease of doing business, operational issues, system constraints, et-cetera, you know, that would drive some of those decisions. So, no one's arguing here that the CLECs

1 upside to SBC ownership of the card. 2

MR. CRUZ: So, there's economies of scales that -- I think that's fundamentally one of the arguments, one of the components we should look at is --

MR. BOYER: The fundamental issue that we've come up with in the product development cycle anyway is the fact that if the CLEC purchased the card, that's exactly what you're getting at, you would have to purchase an inventory of those cards.

10 11 And for the telephone company to be able to tie in

12 our copper facilities with that card would require

13 us to somehow have your inventory of cards 14 integrated in our inventory systems to assign,

15 physically assign the copper pairs to those cards.

But as of today we do not maintain an inventory of 16

17 our customers' equipment obviously. So, for us to 18 tie in those copper pairs with cards that belong to

19 another entity is from an inventory perspective and

20 an OSS perspective of maintaining a database that

21 has all those cards, it's just not something that we 22 could come to a conclusion on, could not determine

23 that.

24 MR. SAMSON: You have the added complication, you know, just talk about number of

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central offices and having enough splitters 2 available in each central office. There's dozens of 3 these RTs for every CO, and so now if you buy -- if 4 the CLEC were to buy the card, you now have to start 5 doing your forecasting at an RT by RT and make sure 6 you have X number of cards in this RT and X number 7 and if you're wrong and you have more customer 8 demand out of this serving area than that serving 9 area, you've got this capacity over here but in this 10 serving area you're short, and all those kinds of 11 issues we believe somewhat go away if SBC were to 12 own the card and just unbundle it as a UNE and then 13 we'll deploy them in all the RTs. And that, you 14 know, I think speaks to a real benefit we would see

MR. CRUZ: You've had a question for some time. I'll get to you, Ann, and the gentleman up front in a second. Yes, ma'am.

at the RT location for card ownership.

MS. McCALL: I understand that -Cindy McCall, MCI Worldcom. I understand that your
preference is to own both the cards and the OCD, and
you've covered the pros and the cons, the options
for the cards, but you really haven't spoken to the
OCD.

MR. CRUZ: Do you have any

having one OC-3c from the RT back to the CO and letting all data CLECs jump on that is the most efficient and cost effective. What that means then is that the central office, the TELCO unbundling

this has to then sort that out.

explanation makes sense.

6 So, if you think of the OCD as sort of a 7 demultiplexer for packet, if you will, to sort these 8 all out, if we didn't own it the only alternative 9 would be let's say Covad owned it and we would have 10 to go to Covad and lease that. Well, then all of 11 Covad's competitors would be paying us for a UNE 12 which the underlying cost input is their 13 competitors' equipment that they're leasing to us at 14 a profit or ASI or someone else. And so practically speaking, the biggest pro or con is we just couldn't 15 16 figure out any other way to do it other than us 17 owning it, you know, if that makes sense, that

MR. CRUZ: Does that clear it up a little bit for you?

MS. McCALL: Yes. I just wanted to 22 cover it.

MR. CRUZ: That's a good -- I'm glad you brought it up because we really have kind of glossed over that. Ann, you had a question.

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specific --

MS. McCALL: Pros and the cons.
MR. CRUZ: Do you have any specific questions or, I mean, do we need to --

MR. BOYER: The OCD, technically speaking we have to have a device that performs the function of the OCD in order to route your traffic to wherever you're picking it up at your ATM cloud. There is really no alternative to routing the traffic. The options that we had considered in the past for that was either -- either the telephone company will own the OCD or we will actually lease the OCD from another provider. So, the technology itself will belong to the -- we haven't focused too much on that issue because we're not really asking for --

MR. SAMSON: Can I speak to that maybe just to make that real clear. If you look in the picture where you have that OC-3c with data, if you had 8 interested CLECs at that RT location, it's -- any one CLEC is not going to need an OC-3c worth of bandwidth, and so -- and in fact I think if we required that, you know, it would be viewed that, hey, the cost of that for the few customers we have would far exceed any practical application. So,

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1 MS. LOPEZ: I'll defer to -2 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I just wonder
3 when you plan to establish prices for the different
4 elements and how.
5 MR. SAMSON: It probably will follow

MR. SAMSON: It probably will follow the decision to let us do it.

MR. CRUZ: I think we have cost -we've launched some cost studies and some work and
obviously with all the work going on in the industry
that we've got to -- we have obligations to do,
we've kind of put the emergency brake on that for a
second until we get an outcome and a readout of
where this is going to land because obviously we

15 So, I think as soon as we get a feel for what the 16 response to our clarification will be, then we can

really can't afford to be doing duplicative work.

move forward. I don't know, I mean, if -- I'm not

18 even sure. To be honest, frankly honest, brutally19 honest, I'm not even sure what the procedural

schedules. I know comments are due back to the FCC Friday, and then I think replies are due on the 10th

and I haven't heard when there's going to be an official opinion made.

24 So, having said all that, we're still

25 going to press on, do some things working off those

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assumptions. However, I can't commit to you to say 2 by date X all this, you know, we'll have costs and 3 we'll have contract language we'll negotiate from, et-cetera, just because of the uncertainty of where 4 5 we're at today. We're kind of at a crucial decision 6 point at this time.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: In order for a CLEC to take this element though, they would have to negotiate new contract language?

MR. CRUZ: Yes. MR. SAMSON: Yeah.

MR. CRUZ: There will be a whole 13 appendix addressed to this broadband UNE.

14 MS. LOPEZ: I want my question back 15 then.

16 MR. SAMSON: You're going to spend 17 your chip now.

MR. MURTHY: Coming back to the focus, I'd like the focus to be brought back to what the real discussion is about. The discussion is whether the RTs owned by you or RTs completely owned by the CLEC, whichever CLEC chooses.

23 MR. SAMSON: No, the card, just the 24 card. The Litespan in any event will be owned by 25 SBC.

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that we can buy which will make your service order l process easy enough. Is it meaningful? I know it's your calculate which is better or not. There may be 3 4 some CLECs who want to say, especially the bigger 5 CLECs in between, you know, just trying to think in terms of extremes. It's either you own it or we own 6 7 it or you have your own RT, whatever you want to 8 have.

MR. CRUZ: So, let me understand this correctly. You're suggesting that we may have a CLEC interest in somebody coming and saying we don't want to just place one card, we want to have --

13 MR. MURTHY: Yeah, big enough, good 14 enough number so that your service order processing, 15 it's still going to be small so you're going to have 16 enough work to process in one shot. Just a 17 question. You know, there's no answer required 18 right away. You can think of. That's one of the 19 options like in between rather than saying yes or 20

21 MR. SAMSON: My favorite questions 22 are questions that don't require an answer, so thank 23 you.

24 MR. MURTHY: That's okay. 25

MR. CRUZ: So, would you have a sense

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            MR. MURTHY: Yeah, I know, but --
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            MR. SAMSON: The card.
            MR. MURTHY: You could have one card.
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            MR. CRUZ: And the RT's owned by the
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    TELCO --
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            MR. MURTHY: Exactly.
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            MR. CRUZ: -- and the shelves are
    owned by the TELCO and the --
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            MR. MURTHY: Exactly. It means that,
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    you know, the CLEC is big enough to say we could
    have the whole RT, our own RT in order to have our
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    OC-3 coming into your central office, okay, no
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    problem, or you have the RT with the cards owned by
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    you and we only rent the, you know, ability to use
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    it.
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MR. CRUZ: You buy a port.

MR. MURTHY: Yeah, buy a port, lease, effectively lease.

MR. CRUZ: At the UNE rate.

MR. MURTHY: Yeah, that's what it

is. You know, I understand the servicing, all of 21 22 the issues totally. Is there anything in between?

23 You looked at holding the whole RT, a big enough

CLEC comes to you and say, guess what, we don't want

to bother with one or two cards. There's a minimum

1 for what volume we would use this criteria to say --2 MR. MURTHY: I have to know how many 3 ADLUs are in an RT. That gives an idea. I don't 4 know. And I don't remember the Litespan 2000 or 5 2012 capabilities, then I would know if it's the break even or 50 percent or 60 percent, 70 percent. 6 7 MR. SAMSON: Yes, Howard, you have a 8 follow-up? 9 MR. SIEGEL: The flip side to that

issue is I would be very concerned if I was a DLEC that because of space exhaust I couldn't get a customer served because someone else was reserving space.

MR. CRUZ: That's the crux of the 14 15 matter. I mean, it would be a tough balancing act 16 because that's my next question is, so, is it five 17 cards, is it ten, is it 15, you know, that number 18 can vary and then you run that forecasting over 19 capacity space exhaustion issue which is obviously a 20 slippery slope for all of us, so --

21 MR. SAMSON: Any other questions? 22 Oh, Ann is wanting to spend her chip. Ann, do you 23 need some more coffee because we've got some. 24

MS. LOPEZ: I have three cups down

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MR. SAMSON: Okay.

MS. LOPEZ: I want to go back to your question. You said that you were going to only place this scenario if allowed to in a growth-type scenario. So, you're not going to go and take stuff out and replace it with this -- this setup, okay, where you're not going to run the DLC out. You're not going to take away any existing copper; you're going to place new copper and utilize this DSL equipment.

My question would be is that I've already got DSLAM equipment in my cage and I'm setting up with SBC to do line sharing. We go out and we turn around and do a loop qual and it comes back and it says there's no F1 facilities, however, there's RT available. My question would be, since there's RT available, would SBC be taking a POTS line off of an F1 loop to open that up for the line-share product

and move it onto the PRONTO project? MR. SAMSON: Let me, James, answer that from a contract perspective, and then I'll punt to you if I'm wrong. It sounds like what you're saying is since you already have your DSLAM and you'd rather just use it, would I do basically a line station transfer, move someone off an F1 copper Page 160

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1 MS. TAFF-RICE: Okay. And that's a 2 Lucent product?

MR. KEOWN: Lucent product.

MR. CRUZ: CBX?

MR. KEOWN: CBX-500 or GX-550. MS. TAFF-RICE: Okay, I have two

6 7 questions for you on that. You mentioned earlier 8 when the evaluation was done to choose other parts 9 of the equipment, specifically the Alcatel product. 10 Can you tell me when the evaluation was done to

11 choose this Lucent piece of equipment?

MR. KEOWN: Late last year as best we can remember. That was kind of outside our scope. 14

MS. TAFF-RICE: Late '99 you mean? MR. KEOWN: Yes, that was kind of

outside our scope. I'm sorry?

MS. TAFF-RICE: Late '99?

18 MR. KEOWN: Yes. That was kind of 19 outside of our scope at the time we were doing this.

MS. TAFF-RICE: And do you know what

the back plane speed is of the OCD?

MR. KEOWN: Not right off.

MR. SAMSON: Fast.

MR. KEOWN: Extremely, fairly fast.

MS. TAFF-RICE: I mean a gigabit,

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that's just a POTS only customer to my Litespan over 2 here and then have that F1 available to give you for 3 a DSL. And in the contract language and, gosh, I 4 think this is really right, but from the arbitration 5 in Texas and we've now expanded that to 13 states, 6

the contract language says that in scenarios where we deny for digital loop carrier there's a couple of things we have to do, and one of those is a

9 line-station transfer or trying to free up a copper 10 pair.

So, that's a long way of saying yes. We would do an LST. That's what I view this to be basically is an LST to a digital loop carrier, happens to be a PRONTO digital loop carrier, to free up a copper pair if that's an option that's 16 available to us.

MR. CRUZ: Folks, I really kind of want to focus back again on the card ownership OCD issues because I think we're going to run out of time here shortly. Yes.

20 21 MS. TAFF-RICE: I have an OCD 22 question. How's that? The OCD is an ATM switch; is 23 that right?

MR. SAMSON: James? MR. KEOWN: It is. Yes. megabit?

MR. KEOWN: Lucent has some -- I've gotten most of my information off Lucent's web site. If so, you can go to that web site and get all their specifications.

MS. TAFF-RICE: And one last question. This actually comes from the investor briefing that SBC has done. There was some discussion that there would be an investment of 10 \$1.75 million per CO to institute this new network topology. Could you tell me how much of that goes to the OCD placement?

MR. SAMSON: She must be one of those 14 new Schwab investors.

MS. FISCHER: The E-trade.

MR. SAMSON: The E-trade, right.

17 MR. KEOWN: We can give you that 18 information, but I don't know that right off the top 19 of my head. 20

MS. TAFF-RICE: I'd be interested if somebody could supply that.

MR. BOYER: It depends on the

23 configuration of the switch. It's an ATM switch, so

it basically has 16 slots in the switch. So, 24

depending upon the cost of the cards that are placed

be --

Page 162 Page 164 in those slots, it could vary. I MR. SAMSON: But it's a great card 2 MS. TAFF-RICE: Do you have a range? 2 question. We appreciate you asking it. 3 MR. BOYER: I don't off the top of my 3 MR. CRUZ: Yes. 4 head, no. 4 MS. McCALL: On page 26 where you 5 MR. CRUZ: James will follow up with 5 make statements regarding the -- again, Cindy 6 that. Yes. sir. 6 McCall, MCI Worldcom -- where you talk about the end 7 7 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I have a user service order and the loop qualification, at 8 question for your ownership issue. Is ASC able to 8 this point are those suggested processes or are 9 purchase the cards under the Southwestern Bell 9 those processes that you've already decided upon? 10 agreement without ASI, the data --10 MR. BOYER: Those processes were put 11 MR. SAMSON: I think the answer is 11 together based upon the assumption that the telephone company would own the card. Assuming that 12 that if the FCC allows us to own the cards -- of 12 13 course they wouldn't because it would be an SBC --13 that does not change, these are the processes that 14 if the FCC says, no, the CLECs need to buy the card, 14 we are going to go with. I don't know of any other 15 then all the cards that would be purchased would be 15 way to simplify the process any further than it purchased by ASI, so it --16 16 already is, to be quite honest with you, unless 17 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Under your 17 if -- obviously we would be open to suggestions in 18 18 agreement, under your negotiated deal with Alcatel? that area, but I don't see any other way to simplify it. It's one service order for the customer's loop. 19 MR. SAMSON: Well, I'm not sure, 19 20 20 James, if that agreement's with the SBC corporation MS. McCALL: Is this the forum in 21 21 or if that's with the Pacific Bell, SWBT, Ameritech which we can make suggestions on that? 22 actual TELCO companies. I'm not sure how that 22 MR. BOYER: Sure, be more than 23 23 works. welcome to. 24 MR. KEOWN: I'm not so sure either. 24 MR. CRUZ: Well, and also the 25 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Well, I mean, gentleman that was -- was it William? Page 163 Page 165 that's -- obviously, I mean, functionally I think 1 MS. McCALL: Yes. 2 2 I'd like to own the cards, but I can imagine going MR. CRUZ: He committed to maybe 3 writing a proposal, making another proposal with the 3 to Alcatel saying, and they know I have to buy their 4 cards, so all of a sudden their list price goes card ownership issue that he could e-mail to us and 5 5 we would distribute to the audience. through the roof and, you know, I mean, come on. 6 6 MS. McCALL: It was a Proposal No. 4, And so, you know. 7 but it wasn't necessarily involving card ownership MR. SAMSON: Well, I guess what's 8 kind of the -- one SBC entity or the other will buy 8 issue. 9 all of them. Either the ILECs will because the FCC 9 MR. CRUZ: I'm sorry. I assumed it 10 will allow us or ASI will, so the volume of cards 10 was going to be ownership issue that he was 11 proposing. 11 that were bought and the discount that goes with 12 that volume or doesn't go, depending on how Alcatel 12 MS. McCALL: In a roundabout way. 13 negotiates that, would either be all ASIs or the 13 MR. CRUZ: Okay. Maybe if you want 14 14 to give us feedback on this process, on the ordering ILECs. When you say will it be bought under ours, I 15 process as well, we'd be happy to entertain that and 15 mean, that's where I'm -- whatever the price that's share with the group as well just for the sake of 16 16 negotiated, it's going to be negotiated by one time if that's okay with you. 17 17 entity or the other. 18 MS. McCALL: Okav. 18 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Well, you 19 19 MR. CRUZ: Yes. structure a deal where you pay so much for a shelf 20 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Quickly, under 20 and so much for control and so much for card and so 21 that proposed service order, procedure or flow and 21 much for -assuming that SBC would own that card, what do you 22 22 MR. SAMSON: Okay. That's as much as 23 23 think the approximate provisioning lead time would I know. 24 24 be? MR. KEOWN: I don't know that to

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MR. CRUZ: I think it's -- were you

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going to say it's the same as DSL? MR. BOYER: It's the same as DSL. MR. CRUZ: It's my understanding it's going to be the same as the DSL provision intervals that we have in place today.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Which is? MR. CRUZ: The question was, under the assumption that the TELCO owns the ADLU card on Slide 26, what would be the provisioning interval

9 10 for this product, and the response was it would be the same as the DSL provisioning interval that we've 11 12 negotiated. 13 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Thank you.

MR. CRUZ: You're welcome. MR. SAMSON: And your question was what were those intervals?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah, what is the interval, seven days, five days?

19 MR. SAMSON: This is going to give 20 you a contract answer. Whatever your contract says 21 it is. Our general offering is I think five for

22 loops that do not require conditioning and ten for 23 loops that do require conditioning, but various

24 people have various contracts that may say different 25 things. So, ultimately your contract will control,

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you're ordering xDSL loops under 12,000 and you don't want us to do a loop qual, we will provision that. I think what the document you have there regarding this says, to the extent that you're ordering this, then you would want to do a loop qual or either you're going to have to do it or we're going to have to do it to identify that that in fact is a loop that is served by PRONTO versus a loop

MR. BOYER: Well, and I'd like just to elaborate on that a little bit.

MR. SAMSON: Yeah, please do. MR. BOYER: The bottom line issue is that the loop is not less than 12,000 feet. The loop is still served out of the existing facilities as they are today, so the assumption is that all these loops are greater than 12,000 feet. And then at the point in time when you initiate your loop qual, that is when you'll find out that your loop is not DSL capable because the loop length is too long and then you would -- we will physically move it in the SAI box to be served out of the DLC infrastructure. So, at that point in time the loop

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24 length gets shortened. But before it's physically 25

moved by processing the service order, the loop

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but that would be SBC's offer if you took our generic, for instance.

MR. CRUZ: Anita, Rhythms.

MS. TAFF-RICE: I have a question on loop qualification. I'm trying to understand how this proposal fits with other requirements that exist out there. And as an example, I think it's correct that SWBT made a commitment to the Texas PUC not to require loop qualification for loops of 12K or less. So, when this says that loop qual will be required, how do those two things fit together?

order a regular xDSL loop which is -- when that commitment was made, it was in regards to regular copper xDSL loop under 12,000. If your order comes in with a USOC for that loop product, loop qual would not be required. To the extent that your order came in and you didn't have an xDSL USOC but you had Chris' UNE No. 2 and UNE No. 3 up here, then I don't know that we flushed that out exactly but

MR. SAMSON: Well, if you were to

there before that UNE could be processed. 22 23 So, for sure, the best way to answer your 24 question is we're going to honor the commitment we made to the Texas commission. To the extent that

we'd have to identify that that in fact existed

length is not less than 12,000 feet. It's always 1 2 going to be greater. It might be anywhere from 12 3 to 18, but it's going to be greater than 12 though. 4 If you follow -- sounds like -- looks like you're --5 do you follow what I'm getting at?

MS. TAFF-RICE: Well, I'm just trying to understand. It almost sounds to me that what you're describing is that if you provide -- or if I want to order a regular xDSL loop which is what existed prior to this topology, the rules from Texas and other places apply; but if what I want to do is order a DSL loop that's, for example, part of a line-sharing arrangement, it's going to fall under this new topology and you're -- I'm not clear on this. Are you saying that the rules that existed prior to that don't apply?

18 it's exactly the same as it is today for DSL. The way that we envision the order flow is that you 19 20 would issue service order for a DSL capable loop and 21 when you -- in order for you to do that, you could 22 issue an order for something that was less than 23 12,000 feet, whatever the loop length might be, but

MR. BOYER: No, no, no, it falls --

we're not technically capable of deploying DSL under 24 something that's greater than 18,000 feet without

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physically moving it into this infrastructure. So, before you actually order a DSL service for that customer's loop, it's not served out of this infrastructure. It's served out of the existing infrastructure as it stands today. Once that order's initiated, that's when we move it into this infrastructure.

So, if I understand you correctly, when -you're saying that you're not required to do a loop qualification for a loop that's less than 12,000 feet, in this instance nothing's less than 12,000 feet. It's all under existing infrastructure. We're only deploying this in situations in which the loop length is greater than 12,000 feet, so it's always going to be greater until it's physically moved to something that's -- it's physically moved to the DLC equipment to effectively shorten the

MS. TAFF-RICE: So, this guy's question earlier about was the use of RT a possible mechanism to help you ensure a design that everything would be 9,000 feet or less from the CO, it's just incorrect?

MR. BOYER: Well, I can't answer whether or not we're planning on everything being

MR. SAMSON: Yeah, we're not building new COs to be within 9,000 feet of every customer. Yes, Howard.

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4 MR. SIEGEL: With all the new 5 deployment that's going in, to what extent are 6 you-all doubling up benefits and tracking loop 7 information and building databases so that 8 mechanized loop qualification will be something more 9 realizing?

10 MR. CRUZ: Howard, let me get to that 11 question. I just want to make sure that -- we're 12 thinning out here and we're almost running out of 13 time, so are there any outstanding ownership issue 14 questions that we can answer to the crowd? I'm not 15 trying to not address your question. I just want to 16 bring some focus back into the discussion. Yes. 17 ma'am.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yes, could you elaborate a little bit on the customer information form, what kind of information will be required on that, what kind of treatment will that form get, whether others will have access to it.

23 MR. BOYER: It's basically --24 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Any of those 25 issues?

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9,000 feet or less. I mean, the idea behind PROJECT PRONTO is that we would make 80 percent of our serving customers be DSL capable. So, 80 percent of our network we would be capable of providing DSL, so all of the CLECs and anybody out there could provide DSL to these individuals. I can't say whether they were trying to do everything 9,000 feet or less.

MR. SIEGEL: But if this is only going to be used for 12,000 or greater, I don't understand how the two answers --

MR. KEOWN: Let me see if I can help you for a second. What I think I heard over here was the intent is to make the copper, wherever that copper starts and stops, less than 12, 9, whatever the number is, kilofeet, not that it starts at the central office --

MR. SIEGEL: Right.

MR. KEOWN: -- and just goes out 9 kilofeet, but wherever the copper starts and stops is going to be less than 12 kilofeet. So, that might be 2 miles, 15, 20 miles down the road where we plant an RT. But the copper extending from that RT will be within that 10 to 12 kilofeet range. It's not that we're going to shorten everything back

MR. CRUZ: Well, once again, any more ownership questions?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Oh, I'm sorry, I'm sorry.

MR. CRUZ: And if there are no more, then I want to go back to Howard and then I'll go back to your question because I don't want to -- I just don't want to gloss over this kind of the ownership issues. It sounds like we've answered all of the -- all the burning thoughts. Howard, I'm sorry, we'll go back to your question again.

12 MR. SIEGEL: I just want to know to 13 what extent you're putting these in, you're -- you 14 have information regard to loops and deciding where 15 you're putting these things and our database is 16 being built at the same time that's going to help 17 mechanize the loop qualification process. Is 18 there -- maybe I'm making a wrong assumption, but I

19 would have thought that in doing one, you're getting 20 the information that you could do the other.

MR. CRUZ: I don't know.

21 22 MR. SAMSON: Conceptually when you 23 place an RT you're not building a whole new loop, 24 you're building an F1. I don't know that it

25 triggers an L fax record creation or something along

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those lines. James, do you have any idea on that? MR. KEOWN: Let me see if I understand the question before I try to tackle it. Are we building databases to reduce loop qual or iust to --

MR. SIEGEL: To help mechanize. MR. KEOWN: To help mechanize? Well, to some extent loop qual's already mechanized I think, and I'm a little confused by the question. We do a lot of manual loop qual between the -- in the yellow zone because that's the only one we can actually take a look at.

MR. CRUZ: I think we're working on planning record system issues, Howard, to do loop qual that I'm not sure fall in the scope of this, so I guess I'm not understanding your full question. I mean, are you saying that -- go ahead.

MR. SIEGEL: No, I just would have thought that there's a warehouse of information that you-all are working with that maybe it's information that could be part of the prequal, maybe -- maybe we need another color code. You have red, yellow, green. Maybe there needs to be something that says, you know, something between green and yellow that says it's green if you choose PRONTO so that

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MS. MAYS: This is Christine and I 1 just have a follow-up question. And I can't hear 3 Howard very well, so I apologize if it's already 4 been covered. But what I'm hearing is, I mean, 5 you've got this effort underway pursuant to the plan 6 of record to mechanize and put all the loop 7 qualification processes in the preorder phase before 8 we submit an LSR. So, is the theory that we're 9 going to be able to prequal an end user address or a 10 TN and the information's going to come back in real 11 time to say this loop is 19 kilofeet or this loop is 12 17 kilofeet of RT, whatever you're going to call it. 13 RT UNE available. Is that the plan? 14

MR. BOYER: No, the plan is that you will do a loop qualification, I guess would be a preorder loop qualification.

MS. MAYS: See, no, stop right there actually. Those are two different things today, and that's my question. Under the plan of record those two things are going to get melded. You're going to have a loop qualification piece which today is not preordered and that during the ordering process becomes a preorder process.

MR. BOYER: Right.

MS. MAYS: So, is that -- okay. So

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automatically you could skip the qualification process because you know you are within X kilofeet of the RT.

MR. BOYER: The issue with that, we talked about those issues in developing the product and the problem was that we don't -- the loops are not physically in PRONTO until it's identified that we want to shorten the loop length. We won't shorten the loop length until somebody wants to order DSL obviously. So, that's when we move it into PRONTO. So, the way it was going to work was is that you would initiate a loop qualification on a regular customer line either by the telephone number or by the customer's address, and the loop qual would come back red because the loop number's going to be too long. At that point in time, that's when you'll be notified of the fact that there is an RT available to have that customer's loop moved into that RT that effectively shortened the loop length.

MR. SIEGEL: Then what if someone wants to change data providers after they've been put on one of these RTs?

MR. BOYER: We'll have to maintain a 24 database somewhere to keep track of the fact they've been moved to the RT obviously.

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MR. BOYER: That would be consistent with what we're doing. And what our plan was is that because the loop is not physically served out of a remote terminal, when you do that loop qualification you are not going to get the fact that this is 17,000 feet of the loop served out of this remote terminal. You're going to get back the loop characteristics of the loop as it exists today which is going to be greater if it's not going to be served out of the DLC.

MS. MAYS: I guess I earlier heard you and in my notes I wrote loop qual, do preorder loop qual, will tell you loop is too long but RT available.

MR. BOYER: That's exactly what it will do.

MS. MAYS: So, that happens on the preordering; before we submit an LSR that happens? MR. BOYER: That's the triggering

event that tells you you need to order the PRONTO unbundled element; otherwise, you could order an existing DSL capable loop or line-shared loop.

MS. MAYS: Okay. So, maybe the answer to my original question was yes.

Page 178 Page 180 1 MR. BOYER: Yes. 1 nothing to do with Rhythms selling the tapes or 2 MS. MAYS: Under the stuff that's 2 anything. 3 going on with the POR, to kind of put all this stuff 3 MR. CRUZ: Yesterday your attorney 4 into preorder, one of the new fields we're going to 4 made it clear to me that they would contact you and 5 they would sell them, so they even said talk about a get is RT available. 5 MR. BOYER: That's correct. When it 6 6 markup, so --7 comes back red, you will get a field that will tell 7 MS. THOMAS: How will we get the 8 you if it's RT available. That's what they're 8 transcripts if we just want the transcripts? 9 working on. 9 MR. CRUZ: I'm sure we're going to 10 MS. MAYS: Although you're not -- I 10 make it available via e-mail to you guys. 11 mean, again, under the POR you're kind of -- maybe 11 MS. THOMAS: Okay. So, everybody 12 you'll still do a regular green but you're also 12 that responded --13 going to give us all the loop qual characteristics. 13 MR. CRUZ: Right. 14 MR. BOYER: I can't speak to that. I 14 MS. THOMAS: -- that they were 15 can only speak to how we're going to identify 15 coming. whether it's served out of the RT for PRONTO. 16 16 MR. CRUZ: It's kind of critical that 17 MS. MAYS: Because I guess hopefully 17 you guys signed in on the sheet and that, you know, 18 you understand my question and concern is that we're 18 you've replied via e-mail to Chris Boyer. So, if 19 not going to have to do two loop quals. 19 you guys want things electronically we can get 20 MR. BOYER: No. 20 those. Because I'm afraid on the sign-in sheet we MS. MAYS: Or two preorder checks. I 21 21 only put name and company, so therefore if you want 22 mean, everything is going to come back as one 22 to communicate with us via e-mail, once again, 23 23 please go to the accessible letter. There's an package. 24 MR. BOYER: My understanding is that 24 e-mail address on the bottom that will fire up 25 you will do one loop qualification on that 25 communication between the two parties. Yes.

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1 customer's loop and you will be alerted of your 2 options at that time. 3 MS. MAYS: Okay. 4 MR. CRUZ: Well, I see people falling 5 asleep. Oh, there was one more guestion. Sharon. 6 MS. THOMAS: I just have a procedural 7 question. Are we going to be able to get the 8 transcript and/or the videotape and, if so, how? 9 MR. CRUZ: Well, here's the deal. I 10 think -- did we hire the court reporter? 11 MR. BOYER: Yes. 12 MR. CRUZ: I think we'll make the 13 record available to you. As far as the video, it's 14 my understanding Rhythms set this up, so I think you 15 may have to contact them and see if they want -- I'm 16 sure they want a -- they'll sell you a copy. 17 MS. TAFF-RICE: May I address that? 18 MR. CRUZ: Sure, please do. 19 MS. TAFF-RICE: Rhythms did arrange 20 for the audio visual company to come in today, but 21 it's an independent company, has nothing to do with 22 Rhythms. This man right here, his name is Billy and 23 it's his company and if you will just let him know 24 or if you have problems come through me, but you 25 could just buy a copy directly from him. It's got

Page 181 1 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Do you have an 2 estimate of when the transcript will be available? 3 We've gone through a lot of information here and our 4 comments are due on Friday, so I'm sure we're all 5 going to be looking to this transcript. 6 MR. CRUZ: She smiled. She has a 7 notion to smile after that request. Well, sounds 8 like we need to get it maybe by how about noon 9 tomorrow? Is that too late? 10 MS. THOMAS: Well, let's ask this 11 question. Will SBC oppose a request that we extend 12 the time period to reply to the FCC by a couple days 13 if we wanted to make that request? Because, I mean, 14 there was a lot of information covered here today 15 and a lot of it is, you know, elaborates on the letter. And, I mean, the main issue for me which I 16 really don't think anybody understood from that 17 letter and the description and the diagram that was 18 19 with that letter about this voice data integrated 20 service provider issue, so --MS. TAFF-RICE: Yeah, I think Rhythms 21 22 would second that request that it's going to be hard 23 to assimilate what we've learned here today in time 24 to get comments in by 5:00 p.m. East Coast time. 25 MR. CRUZ: I can't commit to that at

Page 182 Page 184 1 this time. I'll have to probably round up our legal 1 MR. MURTHY: First come, first 2 folks, and, Marsha, I'm not sure you would disagree 2 served. 3 3 that I'm not sure we would support delaying this MR. CRUZ: Right. just because we've got so much work hinging on this 4 4 MR. MURTHY: Okay. 5 5 decision. And unfortunately, maybe I'm compressing MR. CRUZ: Yes. 6 time, but it's just sort of the environment that 6 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Can we get 7 7 we're in as far as being able to change it. I'm not back to the question that Pat Escobedo brought up 8 sure that I can commit to that right now. I can 8 regarding the customer information form? 9 9 definitely look into it, but I'm afraid, I mean, the MR. CRUZ: Yes. 10 10 answer's probably no, but let me look into it. MR. BOYER: I can take that. You 11 Once again, we'll distribute that in the 11 were asking what fields needed to be on the customer 12 minutes. And the minutes will go out, you know, 12 information form? 13 probably to try to rehash at least some of the 13 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: She wanted to understand more about what that entails and how we 14 actions I took, some of the I committed to you folks 14 15 15 would get that information. in the meeting today to go out, you know, as soon as 16 possible. But, you know, it sounds like the 16 MR. BOYER: Okay. Basically what 17 transcript might be a full day from today. And like 17 needs to go in the customer information form is 18 I said, then we've got comments due by 5:00 o'clock 18 technical information like virtual coordinates that 19 on Friday the 3rd with the FCC, so --19 need to be programmed in our -- the OCD device which 20 20 MS. SMITH: I'm sorry. When will the I'd said before was an ATM switch. There's quite a 21 21 transcript be ready? few parameters that need to be translated in that device for us to be able to identify your incoming 22 MR. CRUZ: We haven't got a firm 22 23 23 commitment from the court reporter, but it sounds traffic and route it to your ATM cloud somewhere, so like it might be a full day of processing because 24 we have to actually program that information into they're going to check the audio and the videotape that device. So, that is the kind of information Page 183 Page 185 and proofread a couple times, so sounds like it that will need to be provided on the form. I can 2 would be a full day before we'd get it. 2 tell you the form's about a half a page. 3 MS. SMITH: Okav. three-fourths of a page. It has several fields on

4 MR. CRUZ: Yes. 4 there for virtual, what are called virtual path 5 MR. MURTHY: For RT location is there 5 indicators, virtual channel indicators. It's got the coordinates of your ATM cloud because you're 6 a quota for a CLEC maximum or minimum they should 6 7 7 going to have an ATM switch somewhere on the other buy? Minimum probably is one, of course, but is 8 8 there a maximum they can buy? I'm just thinking of side of this that's going to pick it up. We need to 9 9 know how to route your traffic to get it to that ATM a question of monopolizing and saying I want 50 10 percent of it. 10 networks. That's what's going to be on that CIF form, and you only have to do that once for each 11 MR. BOYER: Of ports? 11 12 MR. MURTHY: Fifty percent of ADLUs. 12 office that you're going into assuming you're going 13 MR. BOYER: No. you order one port 13 to buy or you're going to lease one port in that office. So, you just send one form in for each 14 for every -- on the end user order. 14 15 MR. MURTHY: Yeah, but how many can I 15 central office that you're purchasing a port in is what it amounts to. 16 order? For example, the moment you put in RT, can a 16 17 17 MR. CRUZ: Yes. CLEC come and say I want --MR. CRUZ: You're asking if you can 18 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: What docket 18 19 19 number is the contract, proposed contract filed with reserve space on the ports? 20 MR. MURTHY: Yeah, reserve space or 20 the FCC? 21 21 MR. BOYER: I think it's -get or, you know, sign up. 22 22 MR. CRUZ: Ports will be assigned as MS. TAFF-RICE: I can answer that if 23 you'd like. It's 98-141. you place your order. 23 24 24 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: What is it? MR. MURTHY: Order, okay. MS. TAFF-RICE: 98-141. 25 MR. CRUZ: Per end user. 25

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Page 186 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Okay. Thank 2 you. 3 MS. MAYS: This is Christine from North Point. I just have a quick question about the 4 profile. You talked briefly about the profile form 6 you're going to want CLECs to file per RT, I guess, 7 with the different kinds of per service they want to offer out of that RT. 8 Q MR. BOYER: In regards to the 10

profile, you will not -- you won't have to submit a profile per RT. You'll just do it once for the 11 12 entire 13-state region. You'll build a profile, and 13 it's not actually going to be a form. We're going 14 to -- I think our plan is, and bear with me because 15 this is still under development, but I think we're 16 going to put access to the SOLID system available 17 via the Internet so you can actually go in and build your profile to cover all of our RTs in the 13-state 18 19 region through this one point of access. So, you 20 will not need to submit a form for every RT.

MS. MAYS: Okay. That's good.
That's good to know. Will you have to list the
different RTs that you're wanting to offer that
service out of and then as you change things update
that?

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MR. MURTHY: Yeah, yeah.

MR. BOYER: I can't speak to whether or not that definitely will occur. That's been -MR. MURTHY: At this time, okay.

MR. CRUZ: I think we're done, folks.

6 MS. TAFF-RICE: Actually I have one 7 last question. Sorry.

MR. CRUZ: All right. Anita, last question.

MS. TAFF-RICE: I want to make sure I'm clear. We've had some discussion today about ownership issues versus not ownership issues, so I take it what you're saying is that the letter of waiver that you've submitted to the FCC, you're only seeking to have them approve the question of ownership of the cards and ownership of the OCD.

MR. CRUZ: Correct.

MS. TAFF-RICE: So, if that's correct, then all of these other materials that you submitted, the contract and the diagrams and everything else that discusses things beyond that like deployment of DLC and the RT configuration, you are not going to consider that they've given you any

kind of approval on that at the end of this process.

MR. CRUZ: I don't think we need

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MR. BOYER: No, no, what's going to happen is, is that the profile will be common for any place that we've deployed Litespan.

MS. MAYS: Okay. Thanks. Do you know what the -- any sense what the time frame then is between filing the profile and being able to offer that service?

MR. BOYER: We haven't established definite intervals on that. I would say that the thing that we've been leaning towards is the fact that the profile probably would need to be up for five days maybe before we started placing end user orders just to make sure there weren't any -- because obviously your end user's not going to work if the PVCs aren't built, so the profile needs to be there sometime prior to every end user order. But probably five days is what we've been leaning towards.

MR. MURTHY: On the SOLID that you mentioned that there will be Internet access to provide profile, would there be a remote provisioning access over time for the CLECs if they want to do some remote provisioning?

MR. BOYER: You mean like a partitioned access system?

approval to deploy the architecture from the FCC. I
 mean, I think that's a corporate decision to invest
 the \$6 billion over three years and the
 infrastructure to deploy the fiber. I don't think
 we need a --

MS. TAFF-RICE: Okay. So, there's nothing else basically that you've submitted that you think under the merger conditions you're required to get approval of?

10 MR. CRUZ: Anita, the only 11 qualification I'm going to say is the contract 12 language has changed somewhat. We've tried to 13 highlight some of those changes in the discussion 14 today, so obviously we submitted that weeks ago to 15 the FCC and we labeled it as draft. We knew we were 16 taking a risk there because we get a lot of 17 questions on, you know, what's happened in the last 18 three or four weeks on that contract language since 19 we've seen it's gone through several erasures and 20 changes.

But with respect to the only thing we're
asking the waiver on, it's the ADLU plug card issue
and it's the OCD ownership issue. And I think for
the reasons listed that were hopefully described and
outlined in today's presentation, there's some

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Page 190 Page 192 1 benefit I think to both parties in allowing us to do 1 customers which are you. 2 that. So, I mean, there's economic benefits to both 2 You know, it's just that we're right -- to 3 parties. I think there's provisioning operations, I 3 be quite honest with you, we are right in the middle 4 mean, and I think those are highlighted in the 4 of developing this product. So, there's a lot of 5 slides that Chris Boyer illustrated today. 5 issues that are still unresolved which is why the 6 So, really that's the issue at hand, and I 6 contract language was in draft format. Obviously 7 think that once again the purpose of the meeting was 7 you can imagine from having any product development 8 8 that once this filing went out for public input from efforts that go on, things change as time goes by to all the interested parties by the FCC, the account 9 make things more feasible, so --10 teams started getting all kinds of questions, what's 10 MR. CRUZ: I'm going to cut the 11 going on, what's that, what's the other, give us an 11 meeting. So, if we want to -- Chris and I and 12 update on the issues, and therefore that was really 12 others can hang around here, but we just wanted to 13 the genesis of this, plus we also wanted to share 13 have the meeting run till 5:00 o'clock, and we do 14 with you guys all the work that we have done with 14 appreciate your attendance and you guys all get a 15 respect to the product today. So, in answer to your 15 gold star for hanging out till 5:00 o'clock. 16 16 question, the answer is yes. 17 MS. TAFF-RICE: So, did the FCC ask 17 (The session was concluded.) 18 you for the additional materials or you just decided 18 19 19 to voluntarily submit them along with the waiver 20 request? 20 21 MR. CRUZ: We voluntarily submitted 21 22 them. 22 23 MR. KEOWN: No, they actually asked 23 24 for that material. 24 25 MR. CRUZ: I'm sorry. 25 Page 191 Page 193 STATE OF TEXAS * 1 MR. KEOWN: I'm sorry, Rod. 2 COUNTY OF DALLAS * MR. CRUZ: No, please correct me. 3 3 MR. KEOWN: Understand the 4 I, Karen L. Shelton, a Certified Shorthand 4 technology that we're dealing with is extremely 5 Reporter in and for the State of Texas, do hereby 5 new. We don't -- we have it in labs and we have it certify to the following: 6 in one field location. And the FCC is like the rest 7 That the foregoing transcript is a true 8 record of the Project Pronto presentation held on 7 of us, they're learning it too. So, in order to get MARCH 1, 2000, at One Bell Plaza, 208 South Akard, a feel for what it actually is and what they're 10 Dallas, Texas. actually looking at and what they're actually asking 11 10 questions on, they asked for some of that 12 CERTIFIED TO BY me in Dallas County, 11 information. 13 Texas, on this, the day of 14 A.D., 2000. 12 MR. CRUZ: I think we had an RFI. 15 13 MR. KEOWN: So, you're right, we 16 14 voluntarily gave it, but they asked for it because 17 15 they don't -- we're still learning the technology 18 Certified Shorthand Reporter 16 ourselves and they have to know it too in order to Th 17 ask intelligent questions, which is what we want 19 State of Texas 18 them to do, we want ya'll to be able to do for us. Certification Number: 7050 19 MR. BOYER: Right. And a lot of Expiration Date: 12/31/00 20 20 things that we talked about, to reiterate that 21 LITIGATION RESOURCES 21 point, is the fact that the product development Founders Square 22 900 Jackson Street, Suite B200 22 cycle which is the product, the effort that I've Dallas, Texas 75202 23 been heading up is we're right in the middle of 23 (214) 741-6001 24 developing the products on this. We're trying to 24 develop a product which is the most feasible for our 25